- (c) RUS will not deny or reduce a loan or an advance of loan funds based on a borrower's level of general funds.
- (d) No fees or charges are assessed for any type of loan or guarantee provided by RUS or the Rural Telephone Bank (RTB).
- (e) The Administrator may use consultants funded by the borrower for financial, legal, engineering, and other technical advice in connection with the review of a borrower's loan application.

[58 FR 66253, Dec. 20, 1993, as amended at 59 FR 17464, Apr. 13, 1994]

§1735.11 Area coverage.

Borrowers must make adequate telephone service available to the widest practical number of rural subscribers during the life of the loan. Both the nature of the service area and the cost per subscriber must be fully considered. The borrower must seek to provide service to all interested potential subscribers in the service area. Borrowers are not required to extend service in situations where the costs would be exorbitant. The loan contract shall contain appropriate provisions to effect this requirement. See 7 CFR 1737.11(a), Preapplication Determinations: Area to be Served.

§1735.12 Nonduplication.

- (a) In states having a state regulatory body with authority to regulate telephone service and to require certificates of convenience and necessity, the borrower must obtain such a certificate before RUS will make a loan. Facilities or services not specifically covered by such certificate will be subject to the provisions of § 1735.12(b).
- (b) In states where there is no such regulatory body, a loan will not be made unless the Administrator determines that no duplication of lines, facilities, or systems already providing reasonably adequate services shall result from such a loan.
- (c) RUS shall consider the following criteria in determining whether service is reasonably adequate:
- (1) Availability of telephone service to commercial establishments, professional offices, essential community services, and residences in the community.

- (2) Reasonable audibility and clarity of sound transmission and reception.
- (3) Absence of frequent interruptions.
- (4) Adequacy of line circuits and central office facilities to permit reasonably frequent subscriber use without unreasonable delay.
- (5) Availability of connections with other exchanges and with the inter-exchange facilities of the Nation.
- (6) Any other criteria the Administrator determines to be applicable to the particular case.

§ 1735.13 Location of facilities and service for nonrural subscribers.

- (a) When it is determined by the Administrator to be necessary in order to furnish or improve telephone service in rural areas, loans may be made for the improvement, expansion, construction, acquisition, and operation of telephone lines, facilities, or systems without regard to their geographical location.
- (b) To the greatest extent practical. loans are limited to providing telephone facilities that serve subscribers in rural areas. In order to furnish and improve service to rural subscribers it may at times be necessary to provide loan funds to finance telephone facilities which (1) will also serve nonrural subscribers, or (2) are located in nonrural areas. Loans may be approved to finance such facilities if the Administrator determines, on a case-by-case basis, that (i) the primary purpose of the loan is to provide service to rural areas and (ii) the financing of facilities for nonrural subscribers is necessary and incidental to furnishing or improving telephone service in rural areas.
- (c) Loan funds may be approved for facilities to serve nonrural subscribers only if (1) the principal purpose of the loan is to furnish and improve rural service and (2) the use of loan funds to serve nonrural subscribers is necessary and incidental to the principal purpose of the loan. The following are examples of purposes for which such loans may be made (such loans are not limited to these examples):
- (1) In the case of construction of a new system, if the loan would not be economically feasible and self-liquidating unless the nonrural as well as the rural portions of the telephone

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service area are included in the proposed system, the loan may include funds for both portions.

- (2) Where the acquisition of an existing system located in and serving a nonrural area is necessary to serve as the nucleus of an expanded system to furnish area coverage service in rural areas, the loan may include funds to finance the acquisition.
- (3) When a system is being converted to modern service for rural subscribers, the loan may include funds for the conversion of the nonrural facilities, if the rural service will be improved as a result of such nonrural improvements and it is impractical to finance and serve the nonrural and rural areas separately.
- (4) A loan may include funds to serve nonrural subscribers located in community centers frequently called by the rural subscribers if the construction to serve such nonrural subscribers will be incidental to, and contribute substantially to, the provision of adequate service for the rural subscribers.
- (d) RUS may also approve financing for facilities to serve nonrural areas if, at the time financing was first approved by RUS:
- (1) The nonrural area had a population of 1,500 or less when first financed by RUS and that financing was approved prior to November 1, 1993; or
- (2) The nonrural area had a population of 5,000 or less when first financed by RUS and that financing was approved on or after November 1, 1993.

[54 FR 13351, Apr. 3, 1989. Redesignated at 55 FR 39395, Sept. 27, 1990, as amended at 58 FR 66253, Dec. 20, 1993]

§1735.14 Borrower eligibility.

- (a) RUS makes loans to:
- (1) Entities providing, or who may hereafter provide, telephone service in rural areas;
- (2) Public bodies providing telephone service in rural areas as of October 28, 1949; and
- (3) Cooperative, nonprofit, limited dividend or mutual associations.
- (b) RUS does not make loans to individuals.
- (c) RUS gives preference to those borrowers (including initial loan applicants) already providing telephone service in rural areas, and to coopera-

tive, nonprofit, limited dividend, or mutual associations. To be eligible for a loan, a borrower must provide or propose to provide the basic local exchange telephone service needs of rural areas, and it must be incorporated.

[58 FR 66253, Dec. 20, 1993]

§1735.15 Civil rights.

Borrowers are required to comply with certain regulations on non-discrimination and equal employment opportunity. See RUS Bulletin 320-19 and RUS Bulletin 320-15, respectively.

§1735.16 Minimum loan amount.

Recognizing plant costs, the borrower's cost of system design, and RUS's administrative costs, RUS will not consider applications for loans of less than \$50,000.

§1735.17 Facilities financed.

- (a) RUS makes hardship and guaranteed loans to finance the improvement, expansion, construction, acquisition, and operation of systems or facilities (including station apparatus owned by the borrower, headquarters facilities, and vehicles not used primarily in construction) to furnish and improve telephone service in rural areas, except as noted under paragraph (c) of this section.
- (b) RUS makes concurrent RUS costof-money and RTB loans to finance the improvement, expansion, construction, and acquisition of systems or facilities (excluding station apparatus owned by the borrower, headquarters facilities, and vehicles not used primarily in construction) to furnish and improve telephone service in rural areas, except as noted under paragraph (c) of this section
- (c) RUS will not make any type of loan to finance the following items:
- (1) Station apparatus (including PBX and key systems) not owned by the borrower and any associated inside wiring;
- (2) Certain duplicative facilities, see §1735.12;
- (3) Facilities to serve subscribers outside the local exchange service area of the borrower unless those facilities are necessary to furnishing or improving